Standards and Procedures of HTA in China– The Role of Economic Evaluation

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1 HTA Procedures- International Experiences



3 The Role and Adaption of HTA In China

HTA-Models



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	REA	CEA			
Representative	France, Germany, Japan, Taiwan	United Kingdom, CANADA, Italy, Korea			
Core theory	Clinical benefit/ appreciation value (budget)	cost/QALY Versus ICERs (Threshold)			
	Varied by Countries				

Resources : Adrian Griffin, (2014), HTA Forum in Shanghai materials



- Integrating HTA into Health and Social Act and relevant regulations
- Developing HTA guidelines and procedures
- Involving multi-stakeholders, and open to the public,
- in order to be transparency.

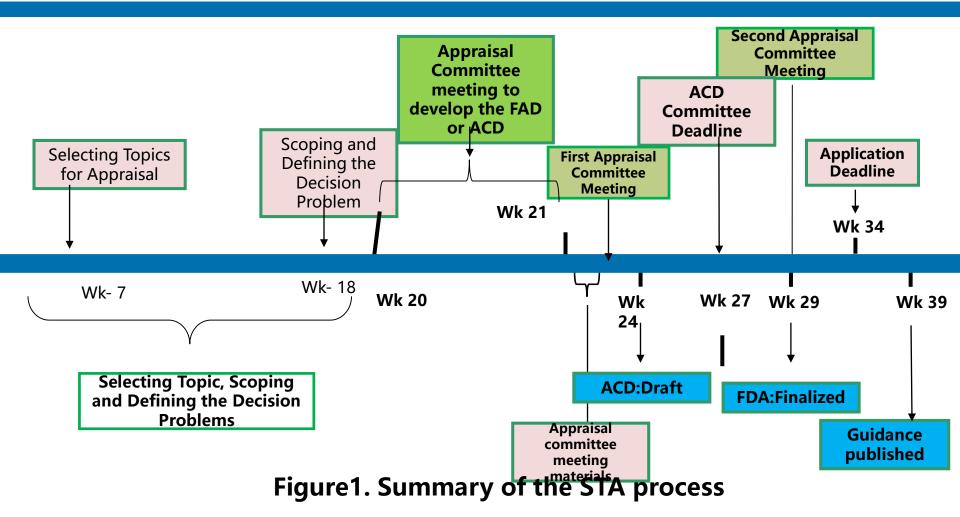




- The National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE) integrates all relevant evidences for HTA, and plays an important role in designing clinical guideline and health insurance reimbursement Manual.
- In 2009, NICE released Single technology appraisal (STA) and Multiple technology appraisal (MTA) procedure guidelines. In 2014, NICE published an updated guides to the methods of technology appraisal, including, health technology procedures guideline, health technology methodology guidelines, a evaluation complaints etc.

HTA- United Kingdom







Australia mainly has Pharmaceutical Benefits Advisory
 Committee , (**PBAC**) and Medical Services Advisory Committee
 (**MSAC**) , HTA are directly use in the adaption of Drug and Medical
 Services Reimbursement and Payment Policy Planning
 Basically, procedures in Australia and NICE are the same, the applicants need to provide evidences to support their application,

then the external experts will make a judgment for the project to be implemented.

 Differences: Australia is mainly assessed by consultants
 organized b tone agency and academic community
 The Pharmaceutical Benefits Advisory Committee Guidelines

HTA-Australia



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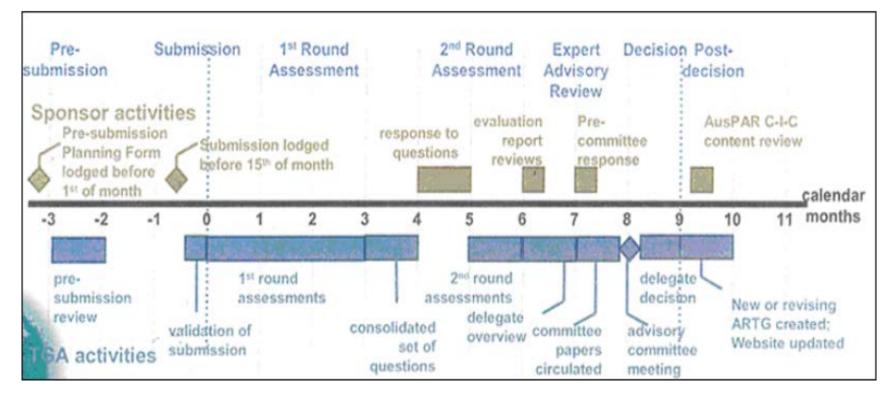


Figure 2. Summary of PBAC process

HTA-Australia



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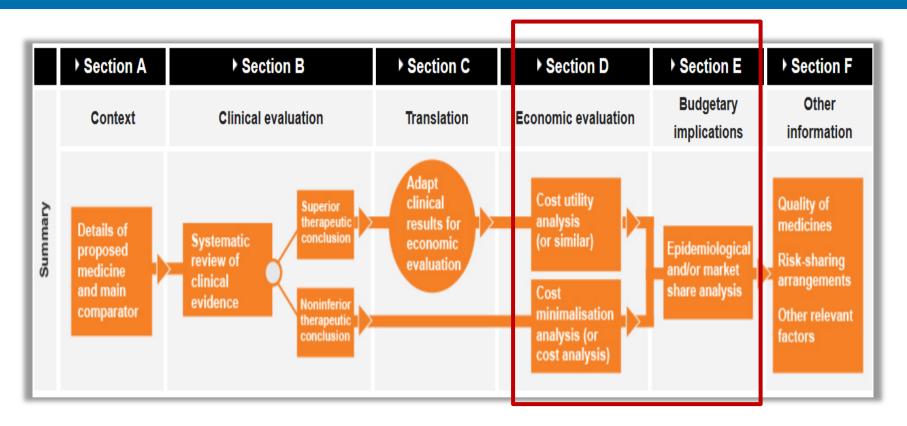


Figure 3. Summary of PBAC process



3

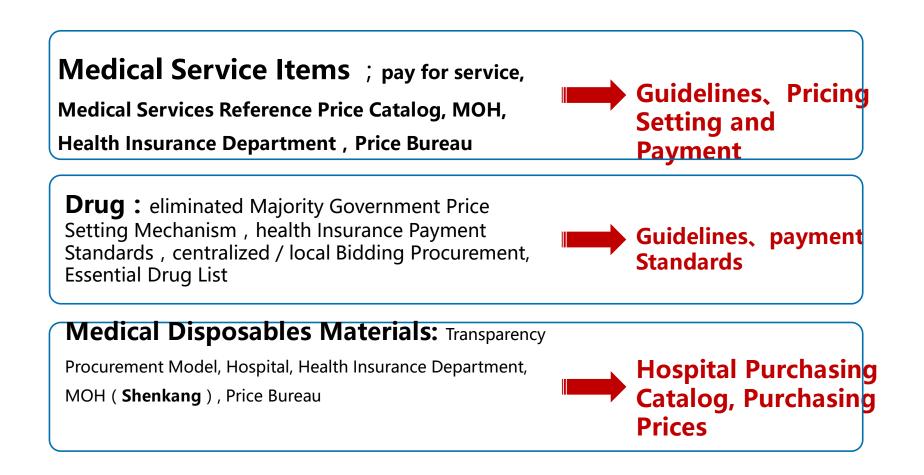


HTA Procedures- International Experiences



The Role and Adaption of HTA In China





HTA-Designing Procedures in China



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National and Local Organization

- Policy Makers and Payers (Users)
- Policy Makers and Payers (Initiator)
- Public And Hearth Insurance

(Perspectives)

Government (national/Local)(Funding/Pool)

Hospital

- Hospital administrator and clinical administrator (Users)
- Physicians (Initiators)
- Hospitals (Perspectives)
- Other resources (Funding)

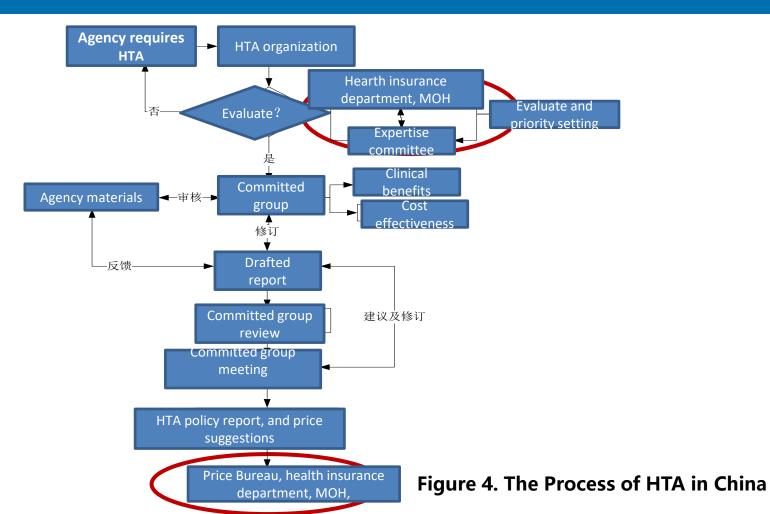


Four	 Applying And Scoping Appraisal Topic
	 Evidence Review Group
Steps	•
	 Appraisal Committee Meeting
	 Finalized and Adaption (Figure 4) Applicants needs HTA and submits reviewing materials
Two	to get the technology been reviewed and evaluated by Health Technology Evaluation Organizations (similar to
Pathway	STA)Applicants providing materials, the Health Technology
	Evaluation Organization will evaluate the proposal (similar to MTA)

Multi-stakeholders and transparency Medical Technical Divison From Pharmaceutical Company, HTA Research Center/ Organization and Relevant Health Regulators

HTA-Process in China





HTA-the process of HTA at Shanghai



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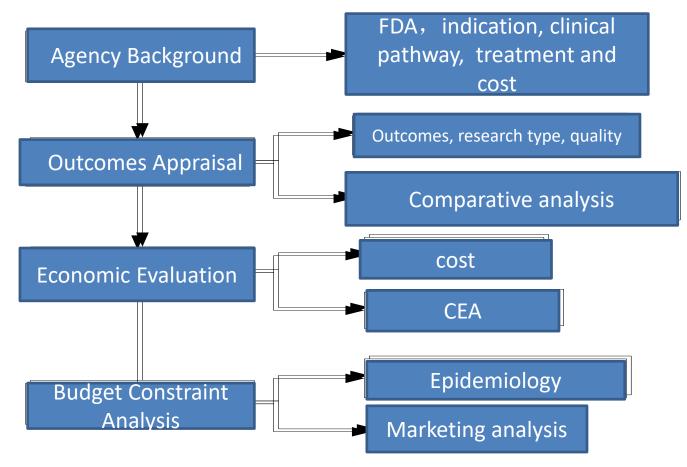


Figure 5. Shanghai HTA Center---the process of HTA

HTA-HTA report template



Abstract Agency provide abstract ; HTA report abstract

Background		Disease Treatment ; evaluation technic, regulation	IS			
Outcomes	Library, Medline literature review ; evidence-based					
Economic Evaluation						
Technical application impact assessment		population ; evaluation the burden of disease ; budget constraint analysis				
Conclusion/ Suggestions		Conclusion ; policy suggestion				
References		Appendix				





HTA Procedures- International Experiences

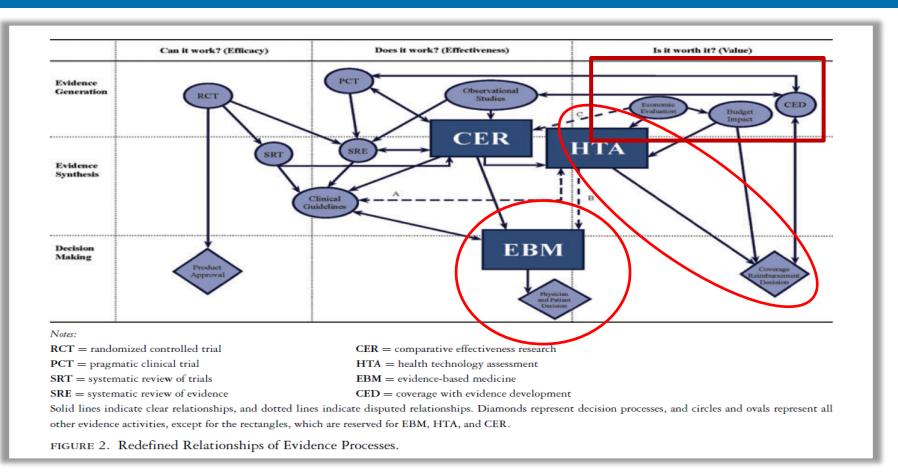


3 The Role and Adaption of HTA In China

HTA, EBM, CER?



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Resource: Luce B R, Drummond M, Jönsson B, et al. *EBM, HTA, and CER: clearing the confusion*[J]. Milbank Quarterly, 2010, 88(2): 256-276.

HTA-卫生经济评价应用思考



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	indicator	Scientific standards				
	S			Informatio		
	Disease	The degree of severity		n needed		
		Influenced population		Disease		
	Intervent ion backgrou nd	Clinical guideline		back		
		limits		ground		
				Product		
	Intervent ion results	Improvement in outcomes		informatio		
		Improvement in safety		n		
		Effective treatment by patient feedback		Clinical		
	Benefit type	public health benefit		benefits		
		Medical service type		(including patient		
	Economic evaluatio 1	Budget constraint		honofita		
		CEA		PE		
		Other costs		evidence	1	
		agnerence				
	Evidence- based	The completeness and consistency of the report		Comparati		
		Linkage and effectiveness of the evidences		ve analysis		
					i i	

Informatio n needed	US	Canada	England	Germany	Australia	Taiwan
Disease						
back						
ground Product						
informatio						
n		1	1	1	1	1
Clinical	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
benefits						
(including						
patient						
PE	Plan			Optional		
evidence	specif					
Comparati	N √					
ve analysis						



- ■For the same functional (class) drugs, we set cost-effectiveness analysis outcomes as priorities prerequisite based on the principle of the pharmaceutical economics.
- ■Based on the results of the HTA, we can get rid of the high cost and less effectiveness drugs from the drug lists.
- In the Centralized procurement bidding system, the drugs with relative better outcomes and less cost, will be more attractive and getting a relative higher bidding price than the less effectiveness one. At the same time, we are highly encourage the development of innovative drugs.
- We have developed one reimbursement payment system for the innovative
- drugs which were lacking of competitors, based on the results of HTA and





Medical Services Price Catalog , DRG ; Price of

Services Items.

The Selection of Technology, Evaluation and

Adaptation

- The Development of Clinical Practices Guidelines.
- Re-evaluation and Adjustment on a regular basis
- for the limitations of Clinical Health Technology

Application





Procurement(purchase of Hospital High Value Disposable Materials and Price Negotiation Machanicm

Mechanism

Low-value and One-time Used Disposable

Materials Packaging Selection

Thank you

